

Karnataka People's Education Society's
SIDHARTHA LAW COLLEGE, COURT KALABURAGI
LL.B. 3 years and 5 Years B.A. LL. B Programme



PROGRAMME OUTCOME

1. Knowledge of law: A professional should be thorough with the fundamentals of law and also be acquainted with the latest developments in the areas of specialization and should have abilities to apply the knowledge to solve problems and advise institutions and also individuals. Intellectual input is the essence of this autonomous profession.
2. Professional ethics: A law graduate should have strong underpinnings of professional ethics in order to belong to the noble profession.
3. Knowledge of basic social sciences: Law is related to other social sciences like history, economics and Political science etc., A knowledge of interplay of these disciplines is essential for a law graduate.
4. Knowledge of procedures and processes: This is very important for a professional to be effective. The channels of remedy and the procedure to obtain the remedy should be known to the graduate.
5. Social relevance of law; Law is an instrument of social change; to bring about desired social change one has to study law in social relevance.
6. Knowledge of public affairs: Law graduate should be thoroughly acquainted with the knowledge of public affairs in order to discharge the obligations of the independent profession.
7. Abilities required of an effective professional.
 - a) Research and reasoning skills
 - b) Understanding public affairs
 - c) Problem solving
 - d) Drafting, including commercial drafting
8. A graduate should be market ready. He should be in a position to deliver services as an advocate, administrator, corporate employee, facilitator of ADRs, etc.
9. Social Responsibility- A lawyer should be an active citizen first. He should provide leadership to the society when it is at the crossroads.




PRINCIPAL
Sidhartha Law College
Court Road, KALABURAGI



Karnataka Peoples' Education Society's
SIDHARTHA LAW COLLEGE



Programme Specific Outcomes:

Programme Name: LL.B. & B.A.LL.B. Duration: 3 years & 5 years

Pattern: Semester Conduct sustained, independent research on a self-defined topic with supervision. Class seminar, assignments, internal unit-wise test.

Women & Law

Objectives:

Even after 60 years of Adoption of the Constitution, for women, equality with man appears to be a distant mirage to be reached. Effective political representation of women in Legislature and other forums too has become a difficult proposition to be acceptable.

Course Outcomes: - Students graduating with Women and Law will be able to:

1. Apply a systematic approach to eliminate on the ideas in the institutions which marginalize, & secondary citizenship to women.
2. Organize awareness, legal literacy programme.
3. Develop potential employment opportunities in local areas.

Constitutional Law

Objectives:

The purpose of the course is to acquaint the students with the idea that the Indian Constitution is a normative Constitution with value aspirations & to establish a justice system. The basic postulate of Constitution like the Constitutional Supremacy, Rule of law and Concept of Liberty are emphasized in this paper to analysis of Fundamental Rights and Directive principles would form the essence of the course.

Course Outcomes:

1. To create and set up a basic philosophical tenets of Indian Constitutional Law
2. To understand the detailed analysis of fundamental freedoms guaranteed under the Indian Constitution.
3. The working of the Government especially three organs of the Constitution.
4. Role of Supreme Court to protect the fundamental rights.
5. The working of Lok Sabha and Rajasabha in Centre and the State legislative organs.
6. The Nature of Amendment of Constitution.

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Family Law-I (Hindu Law)

Objectives:

To provide adequate socio-legal perspectives so that the basic concepts relating to family System in their social and legal form. & to give an overview of some of the current problems arising out of the foundational inequalities with large in the various family concepts.

Course outcome:

1. Knowledge of the legal and procedural structure of the Family Law.
2. Demonstrate a working knowledge of the Family Court in India.
3. Apply principles that underpin Family Law in India.

Criminal Law

Objectives:

This course is designed to understand the meaning of crime, methods of controlling them and the essential principles of criminal liability by a study of a range of offences under the Indian Penal Code.

ABOUT THE COURSE:

The course intends to familiarize Students with the Substantive Criminal Law i.e. Indian Penal code which is a comprehensive act intended to cover all the substantive aspect of Criminal law. gives them an idea as to what has been recognized by the state as crime? What are the essential ingredients to be present in a crime?. Hence, this course will lay down the foundations that every present law student and future lawyer requires of substantive criminal law of the India.

COURSE OUTCOME:

1. To understand the core principles of criminal law.
2. To know the various kinds of crimes that can be committed against State, Human body, Property etc. and the essential ingredients necessary for those acts to be considers as crimes.

Law of Property

Objectives:

The focus of this course in on the study of the concept of 'Property', the 'nature of property rights' and the general principles governing the transfer of property

Course Outcomes:

1. To understand the basic concepts of property, movable and immovable.
2. To examine and analyse the essential requisites of transfer of property

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Family Law-II(Mohammedan Law and Indian succession Act)

Objectives:

The knowledge of family laws is important for students of law. This course is designed to endow the students with knowledge of both the codified and un-codified portions of Mohammedan Law and study Indian Succession Act

Course Outcomes:

1. Students studying family law learn about concepts like Succession, Inheritance and Gift etc.
2. Students will examine and compare personal laws

Environmental Law

Objective:

Environmental problems have attained alarming proportions. It is essential to sensitise the students to environmental issues and the laws. The important principles in the field like inter-generation equity, carrying capacity, sustainable development, and precautionary principle, polluter pay principles are to be appreciated.

Course Outcome:

1. Students who has taken admission for this course will be able to analyse advanced and integrated understanding of the complex body of knowledge in the field of environmental law
2. Develop the capacity to identify new law and apply existing law in the rapidly evolving legal context for environmental law

Criminal Law -II: Criminal Procedure Code, 1973, Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000 And Probation Of Offenders Act, 1958.

Objectives:

Procedural Law providing for a fair procedure is significant for a just society. The course is aimed at driving home the students how the pre-trial, trial and the subsequent process are geared up to make the administration of criminal justice effective.

Course Outcomes:

1. Students will understand importance of criminal procedure followed by criminal courts
2. It explains procedure from arrest till trials and punishments
3. It is important legislation which gives practical knowledge to students


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Jurisprudence

Objectives:

Any academic discipline, worthy of the name, must develop in the student the capacity for critical thought. Legal education needs to teach both law and its context- social, political and theoretical. At the heart of legal enterprise is the concept of law. Without deep understanding of this concept neither legal practice nor legal education can be a purposive activity. This course in Jurisprudence is designed, primarily, to induct students into a realm of questions concerning nature of law. Therefore, the first part of the course is concerned with important questions like, what is law, what are the purposes of law?

Course outcomes:

1. Demonstrate an advanced and integrated understanding of the political, social, historical, philosophical, and economic context of law.
2. Engage in identification, articulation and critical evaluation of legal theory and the implications for policy.

Professional Ethics and Accountancy:

Objective:

Professions are noble. The movement of all professions, hitherto, has been from chaos to organization, organization to consolidation and consolidation to autonomy and monopoly

Course Outcomes: -

Students graduating with 'Professional Ethics, Bar Bench Relations & Accountancy for Lawyers' will be able to:

1. To understand and apply the professional ethics and ethical standard of the legal profession
2. To know and evaluate the key themes in professional ethics, in order to give them an insight into moral decision making in the legal profession.

Public International Law

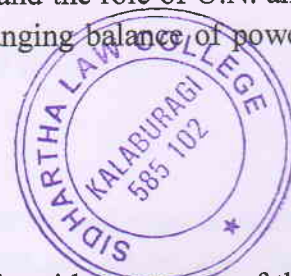
Objectives:

The course includes the study of general principles of international law including law of peace. Third world concerns in respect of security and development and the role of U.N. and International Agencies in structuring solutions in the context of changing balance of power are also to be appreciated.

Human Rights Law and Practice

Objectives:

The objectives of the course are to prepare for responsible citizenship with awareness of the relationship between Human Rights, democracy and development; to foster respect for



international obligations for peace and development; to impart education on national and international regime. Knowledge and understanding of the International Human rights framework, and its origins and justifying theories.

Outcome of the Subject:

1. More students eager to establish NGO for the protection of the vulnerable group in the society.
2. The student understand senior of the international community towards the protection of human rights.

Right to Information

Objectives:

Free exchange of ideas is a basic pillar of a democratic society. Corruption thrives in sacred places, therefore it is stated that sunlight is the best disinfectant.

Alternative Dispute Resolution Systems

Objectives:

Today alternative disputes resolution systems have become more relevant than before both at local, national and international levels. Certain of the disputes, by nature are fit to be resolved through specific method of resolution. The skills involved are also different as also preparation. This course trains the students in ADRs. The course teacher shall administer simulation exercises for each of the methods.

Course Outcomes: - 'Arbitration, Conciliation and Alternative Disputes Resolution Systems' will be able to:

1. Familiarize with the modalities and techniques of resolution of conflict which is a necessary component in the endeavors of developing expertise in juridical exercise.

CPC and Limitation Act

Objectives:

Study of procedural law is important for a Law student. This course is designed to acquaint the students with the various stages through which a civil case passes through, and the connected matters. The course also includes law of limitation.

Course Outcomes: - Students graduating with 'Civil Procedure Code & Limitation Act' will be able to:

1. Know the detail procedure for redressal of civil rights.
2. Understand, where the suit is to be filed? The essential forms and procedure for institution of suit, the documents in support and against, evidence taking and trial, dimensions of an interim order.



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Penology and Victimology:

Objectives:

This course offers a specialist understanding of criminal policies including theories of punishment, their supposed philosophical and sociological justifications and the problem of exercise of discretion in sentencing.

Interpretation of Statues and Principles of Legislation

Objectives of the course as it is difficult to have legislations without ambiguous provisions, there is a need to make proper study of the rules and principles relating to interpretation of statutes. Legislation is the major source of law of the modern era. Legislation, interpretation of statutes became a method by which judiciary explores the intention behind the statutes. Judicial interpretation involves construction of words, phrases and expressions. In their attempt to make the old and existing statutes contextually relevant, courts used to develop certain rules, doctrines and principles of interpretation. Judiciary plays a highly creative role in this respect. What are the techniques adopted by courts in construing statutes?

Drafting Pleading and Conveyance

Objectives: Translation of thoughts into words- spoken and written is an essential ingredient of an effective lawyer. The students should be trained in drafting of pleadings and conveyances and other essential documents. of an expert in the field. The course aims at equipping the students with drafting skills.

Course Outcomes:

1. Analyse and define the concept of Pleading and various rules of pleading and able to handle the client during the course of interaction.
2. Articulate the argumentation process and apply the legal drafting abilities during the appearances before Court and Tribunals.
3. Recognize the way to move to the criminal justice system with aid of various complaints.
4. Identify and discuss the various forms of conveyancing deed such as sale deed, gift, mortgage etc.

Law of Evidence

Objectives:

The law of Evidence has its own significance amongst Procedural Laws. The knowledge of law of Evidence is indispensable for a lawyer. The course teacher shall familiarize the students with appreciation of evidence and use innovative techniques like simulation exercises wherever necessary.



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Course Outcomes:

1. Analyse and define the concept and general nature of evidence, and illustrate the different types of evidence and court procedures relating to evidence. Analyse the standard of proof and burden of proof in civil and criminal cases.

White Collar Crimes

Objectives:


This course focuses on the criminality of the privileged classes – the wielders of all forms of state and social power. The course focuses on the relation between privilege, power and deviant behaviour. The traditional approaches which highlight white collar offences, socio-economic offences or crimes of powerful deal mainly deal with the deviance of the economically resourceful. The dimension of deviance associated with the bureaucracy, the new rich, religious leaders and organisations, professional classes are to be addressed. In teaching this course, current developments in deviants reflected in press and media, law reports and legislative proceedings are to be focussed.

Moot Court Exercises and Internship

Objectives:

This course is designed to hone advocacy skills in the students. Moot Courts are simulation exercises geared up to endow students with facility in preparation of written submissions and planning, organising and marshalling arguments in the given time so as to convince the presiding officer. The students should familiarize themselves with the various stages of trial in civil and criminal cases. They should be exposed to real court experience. Further they should imbibe the skills of client interviewing.




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